EXHIBIT B-7.I

NEW DEVELOPMENT/SIGNIFICANT REDEVELOPMENT

NEW DEVELOPMENT/SIGNFICANT REDEVELOPMENT PROGRAM MANAGEMENT



New Development/ Redevelopment

Module B-7.I

Audience: Planning and Building Department Managers, Stormwater Program Managers Time: 4 hours

Introduction

Water Resources are Crucial to Orange County



economy.

Belkdion

It attracts tourists, boosting the local



Water provides recreation for Orange County

Introduction

Introduction

It is home to many types of wildlife.

Potential Impacts



 Urban runoff and stormwater pollution can impact the ocean, beaches and creeks, harming wildlife and impairing peoples' ability to enjoy the water.

Introduction

Sources of Pollution

- Homes
- Businesses
- Construction sites
- Municipal facilities



Path of Pollutants

Introduction

Introduction

Introductio

- Potential pollutants may run off driveways, streets and gutters into stormdrains.
- The stormdrains lead to creeks and rivers, where pollutants can flow untreated into the ocean.



It's Everyone's Responsibility

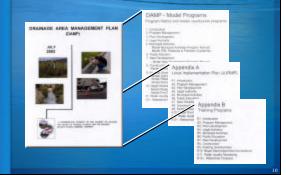
 Urban runoff and stormwater pollution is not just a coastal issue-it starts in all regions of the community and affects water quality from the mountains to the ocean.



It's Your Responsibility

- Everyone must help to reduce urban runoff and stormwater pollution.
- This training will help explain what you can do while managing new development/redevelopment activities to help implement the Orange County Stormwater Program.

OC Stormwater Program



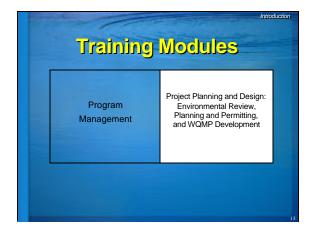
Program Elements



Training Outline General Plan Assessment/Amendment Environmental Review Process Revisions Development Project Review, Approval, and Permitting Process WQMP Preparation Post Construction BMP Inspection and Verification Training and Outreach Program Effectiveness Assessment

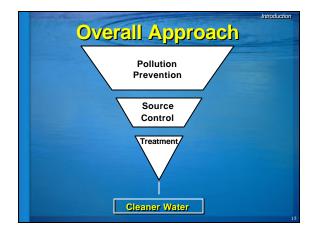
Orange County Stormwater Program DAMP Section B-7 New Development/Redevelopment

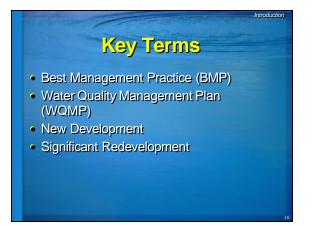
Introduction

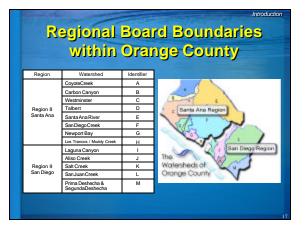


Training Goals

- Increase understanding of the New Development/Redevelopment Program
- Support compliance with Santa Ana and San Diego Regional Board municipal stormwater permits
- Ensure effective and consistent program implementation

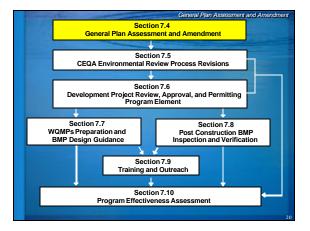












General Plan Assessment and Amendmen General Plan Assessment and Amenciment

- Assess General Plan Elements (and Local Coastal Plan if a coastal city) for inclusion of stormwater quality protection principles
- Consider Amendment, if determined necessary.
- Consider optional Amendment text

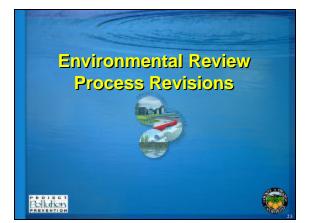
Option for General Plan Amendment Text

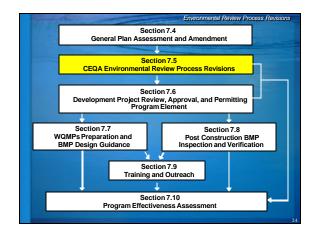
General Plan Assessment and Amendmen

New Policy:

- Ensure new development incorporates measures, to the maximum extent practicable, that reduce the quantity of storm flow and the discharge of pollutants in urban/stormwater runoff to protect water quality, biological habitats, and recreational uses of downstream
- receiving waters.

 Policy Implementation:
 - Future land development/redevelopment must adhere to the design standards set forth in the Drainage Area Management Plan (DAMP) and the city-specific Local Implementation Plan.





Orange County Stormwater Program DAMP Section B-7 New Development/Redevelopment

Environmental Review Process Revisions

Environmental Review Process Revisions

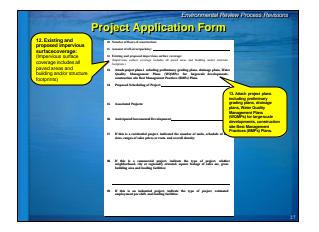
Environmental Review Process Revisions

Environmental Review Process Revisions

- Revised Project Application Form
- Revised California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Initial Study Checklist
- Environmental Review Guidance

Project Application Form

- Two new line items requesting:
 - Existing and proposed acreage of impervious surface coverage (including all paved areas and building/structure footprints)
 - Submittal of preliminary Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), if applicable, for large-scale new developments



Revised CEQA Initial Study Checklist

- Questions about stormwater quality effects added to Hydrology/Water Quality Section of checklist, as extracted from the municipal stormwater permits.
- Slight variations between Santa Ana Region and San Diego Region

(Santa A	na Re	egion)		
	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
k) Potentially impact stormwater runoff from construction activities?				
I) Potentially impact stormwater runoff from post- construction activities?				
m) Result in a potential for discharge of stormwater polutants from areas of material storage, vehicle or equipment fluiding, vehicle or equipment maintenance (including washing), waste handling, hazardous materiats handling or storage, delvery areas, loading docks or other outdoor work areas?				
n) Result in the potential for discharge of stormwater to affect the beneficial uses of the receiving waters?				
 c) Create the potential for significant changes in the flow velocity or volume of stormwater runoff to cause environmental harm? 				
p) Create significant increases in erosion of the project site or surrounding areas?	п		п	п

and a	Environmental Review Process Revisi Revised CEQA Checklist						
	(San Die	go	Reg	ion)		
		Potentially Significant Impact	Les Thm Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impart	Na Impact		
	(k) Rosal in an increase in pollutant discharges to neording mither? Cansider water quality parameters such in itemperature, discolated angele, harkisity and other spicial some water pollutants? is a theory-metals: pathogens, patrikum darkvatises, synthetic capanics, soldness, matistels, angeler-damarding sadolancos, and tabe)		0		•		
	Result in significant alteration of receiving water quality during or following construction?						
	m) Result in increased impervious surfaces and associated increased rundf?						
	ri) Create a significant advorse environmental impact to drainage patterns due to changes in runoff flow rates or volumes?						
	Q Hesul in increased erosion downstream?						
	p) Telbutary to an already impaired water body, as load on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) bit? If so, can it result in an increase in any pollutant for which the water body is already impaired?						
	g) Tributary to other environmentally sensitive areas? If so, can II exacultate already existing sensitive conditions?						
	 Have a potentially significant environmental impact on surface value quality to either marine, fresh, or sediand waters? 						
	s) Have a potentially significant adverse impact on proundwaterquality?						
	D Cause or combine to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quilty objectives or decaudition of beneficial uses?						
	u) Impact aquatic, welland or riparian habitat?						

Environmental Review Process Revisions

Environmental Review Process Revisions

Impacts of Treatment Control BMPs?

Environmental Review Process Revisions

- Concern about potential odors and vectors generated by standing water
- Adherence to long-term BMP maintenance plan should minimize potential impacts
- Consider when evaluating regional stormwater quality control projects and large-scale development projects that include treatment BMPs
- Question about effects of treatment control BMPs may be added to CEQA Checklist (Hazardous Materials Section or Utilities and Service Systems Section)

Environmental Review Guidance

- Objectives:
 - For completing CEQA Initial Study Checklist
 - For reviewing and preparing CEQA compliance documents

Environmental Review Process Revisions Six-Step Environmental Review Guidance

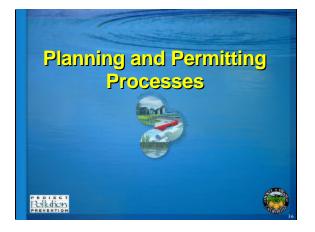
- Step 1: Consider project characteristics
- Step 2: Identify receiving waters
- Step 3: Determine sensitivity of receiving waters
- Step 4: Characterize potential water quality impacts
- Step 5: Identify hydrologic conditions of concern
- Step 6: Assess project impact significance to water quality

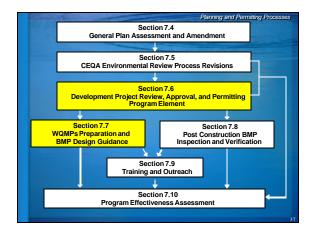
Plus Additional Considerations for EIRs

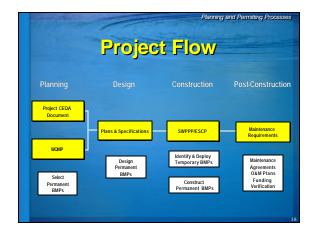
Additional Consideration for EIRs

- Additional BMPs beyond MEP standard could, in some cases, be needed to reduce impacts to less than significant under CEQA, and/or meet other resource agency requirements
- Thresholds of Significance use CEQA Checklist questions
- Quantitative Water Quality Analysis may be needed for large scale projects

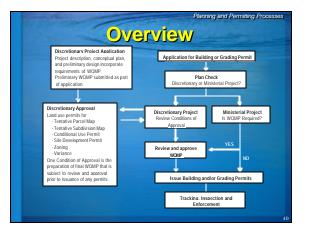












Conditions of Approval

Planning and Permitting Processe

- Review and revise standard conditions of approval to ensure not conflicting with applicable Municipal Stormwater Permit, General Permits for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity or Construction Activity, or water quality initiatives (TMDLs, regional or watershed plans, etc.)
- Supplement standard conditions of approval with examples, as appropriate

Conditions of Approval

- Example requiring revision:
 - "Sweeping or washing public access points within 30 minutes of dirt deposition."
 - Exclude "washing" as an alternative or specify that wash water shall be collected and properly disposed.

Orange County Stormwater Program DAMP Section B-7 New Development/Redevelopment Planning and Permitting Processes

Planning and Permitting Processes

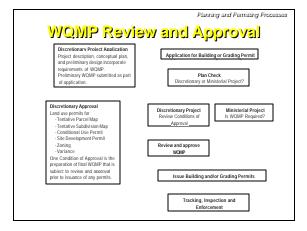
Conditions of Approval

- Example requiring revision:
 - "Prior to the issuance of preliminary or precise grading permits for any gas station or vehicle service facility, the applicant shall submit from the Regional Water Quality Control Board a copy of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Industrial Permit for ongoing use."
 - Gas stations and vehicle service facilities are not subject to California's General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity.

Planning and Permitting Processes

Conditions of Approval

- Examples for Consideration:
 - "The discharge of any sediment and construction materials or wastes into a receiving water or storm drain shall be prohibited."
 - "Applicant shall ensure that all construction contractor and subcontractor personnel are made aware of the required best management practices and good housekeeping measures for the project site and any associated construction lay-down areas."





Planning and Permitting Processes

Priority Projects

- Residential: <a>>>10 units
- Commercial/Industrial: >100,000 sq.ft.
- Automotive repair shops
- Restaurant: <u>></u>5,000 sq.ft.
- Hillside Development
- Impervious surface ≥2,500 sq.ft. within, adjacent to, or discharging directly ESA
 - Parking lots: <a>5,000 sq.ft. or with 15 or more parking spaces
 - San Diego Region:streets, roads, highways, freeways creating <u>></u>5,000 sq.ft. new paved surface

Parring and Permating Processes Requirements for Priority Projects

- Site design BMPs
- Routine structural and non-structural BMPs
- Mechanism for assuring long-term operation and maintenance of structural BMPs
- Treatment control BMPs, including regional/watershed approach

Planning and Permitting Processes

Requirements for Non-Priority Projects

Planning and Permitting Processes

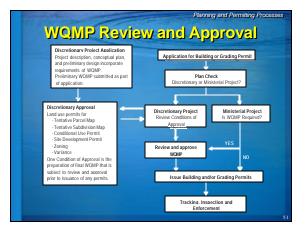
- Consider site design BMPs
- Routine structural and non-structural BMPs
- Mechanism for assuring long-term operation and maintenance of structural BMPs

No requirementfor treatment control BMPs.

Public Agency Projects

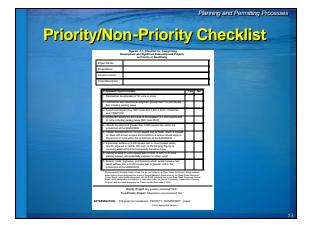
Some public agency projects should be considered Priority Projects—projects having similar functions and characteristics or conducting similar activities as "Priority Projects" listed in Municipal Stormwater Permits.

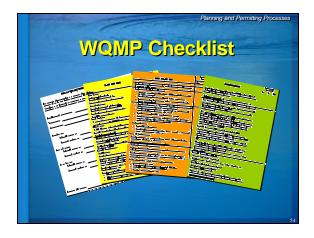
- Examples:
 - Corporation Yard ≈ Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance Facility
 - Civic Center ~ Commercial Office Building
 - Community Center with Cafeteria ~ Restaurant



Panning and Permitting Processes WQMP Review and Approval

- WQMPs may be "conceptual" during the discretionary approval process
- WQMPs must be "final" before issuance of grading or building permits
- Utilize a checklist for categorizing projects as Priority or Non-Priority
- Utilize a checklist for WQMP reviews to assure thoroughness and consistency

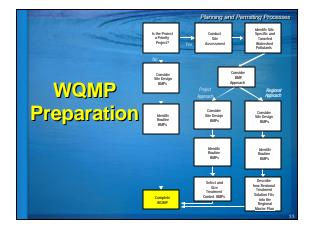




Continued.

Planning and Permitting Processes

Planning and Permitting Processes



Planning and Permitting Processe WQIVIP Preparation for Priority Projects

- Site assessment
- Identify pollutants of concern for project
- Identify pollutants or conditions of concern for receiving waters
- Consider approach: project-based or regional/watershed
- Consider site design BMPs

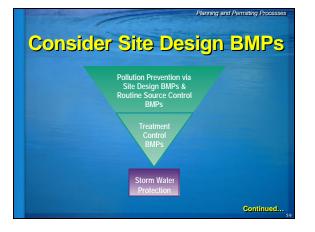
Panning and Permitting Processes WQ.MP Preparation for Priority Projects (Continued)

Identify Source Control BMPs

- (non-structural and structural)
- Select and size project's treatment control BMPs or identify regional/watershed approach
- Complete the WQMP

Consider BMP Approach

- Project approach
- Regional/watershed approach



Consider Site Design BMPs

 Practices designed to minimize or prevent the introduction of pollutants and conditions of concern

Table 7-7. Site Design BMP Techniques

- Minimize Impervious Area/Maximize Permeability (C-Factor Reduction)
- Minimize Directly Connected Impervious Areas (DCIAs) (C-Factor Reduction)
- Create Reduced or "Zero Discharge" Areas (Runoff Volume Reduction)
- Conserve Natural Areas (C-Factor Reduction)

Planning and Permitting Processe

Planning and Permitting Processes

Planning and Permitting Processe

Identify Routine Source Control BMPs

Planning and Permitting Processe

Planning and Permitting Processes

- Educational programs and site planning practices or structures that are economical, practicable, small-scale measures
- Feasibly applied at smallest unit of development
- · Prevents pollution at the source
- Minimizes contact between pollutants and runoff
- Required for all projects

Routine Source Control BMPs

Routine Non-Structural BMPs

- Education for proper disposal of hazardous or toxic wastes, employee training, proper landscape management, street sweeping, facility maintenance (good housekeeping)
- Routine Structural BMPs
 - Economical, practicable, small-scale design measures or features to reduce exposure of pollutants to runoff or to minimize alteration of a site's natural flow regime

Select Treatment Control BMPs

- Select treatment control BMPs to address specific pollutants
 - For planning level selection use matrix in Model WQMP
 - Compare list of pollutants causing impairments in project's receiving waters and select BMP (or BMPs) with high or medium removal efficiency for those pollutants

Categories of Treatment Control BMPs

- · Biofilters (vegetated strips or swales)
- Detention basins (dry)
- Infiltration basins
- · Wet Ponds or wetlands
- Filtration
- Proprietary devices

Parning and Permitting Process Utilize Regional/Watershed Approach

- Project approval based upon regional/ watershed approach if:
 - Project incorporates all applicable routine source control BMPs
 - Regional program incorporates BMPs sized to treat appropriate volume or flow for all new development within watershed
 - Implementation mechanism identified, including funding, timing, and ability to implement

Complete WQMP

Use the WQMP Template to complete and submit a project-specific WQMP for approval

Flarning and Fernating Processes WQMP Preparation for Non-Priority Projects

- Consider site design BMPs
- Identify Routine Source Control BMPs (non-structural and structural)
- Use applicable portions of WQMP Template to complete and submit a project-specific WQMP for approval

	Planning and Permitting Processes								
Project Flow									
Planning	Design	Construction	Post-Construction						
Project CEOA Document WCMP Select Permanent BMPs	Plans & Specifications Design Permanent BMPs	SWPPP/ESCP Identify & Deploy Temporary BMPs Construct Permanent BMPs	Maintenance Requirements Maintenance Agreements OM dring Ford dring Verification						

Plan Check: Issuance of Grading or Building Permits

- Consider requiring approval of a project's "final" WQMP prior to submitting construction plans for plan check.
- Plan sheets submitted for all grading or building permits must include standard notes for compliance with the minimum requirements applicable to all construction sites.

Plan Check: Issuance of Grading or Building Permits

Projects with Land Use Permits

- Review environmental documents, Conditions of Approval, and approved WQMP
- Review construction plans to assure all structural BMPs (including treatment control BMPs) from the approved WQMP have been incorporated
- Review BMP detail design for consistency with BMP design criteria and guidance

Planning and Permitting Processes

Planning and Permitting Processes

Plan Check: Issuance of Grading or Building Permits

Projects with By-Right Zoning

- Grading or building permit application includes proposed WQMP and construction plans
- First step is review and approval of the WQMP
- Revision and re-submittal of WQMP and construction plans may be necessary prior to permit issuance

Planning and Permitting Processes

Planning and Permitting Processes

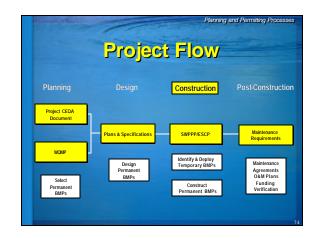
Plan Check: Standard Notes for All Construction Sites

- Sediment from areas disturbed by construction shall be retained on site using structural drainage controls to the maximum extent practicable.
- Stockpiles of soil shall be properly contained to minimize sediment transport from the site to streets, drainage facilities or adjacent properties via runoff, vehicle tracking, or wind.

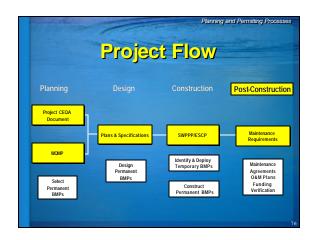
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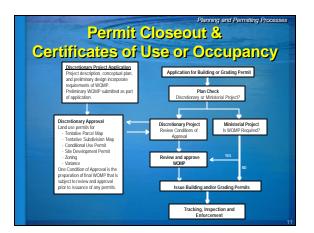
Plan Check: Standard Notes for All Construction Sites (Continued)

- Construction-related materials, wastes, spills or resides shall be retained on site to minimize transport from the site to streets, drainage facilities, or adjoining property by wind or runoff.
- Runoff from equipment and vehicle washing shall be contained at construction sites unless treated to remove sediment and other pollutants.









Parmit Closeout & Permit Closeout & Certificates of Use or Occupancy

Verify that:

- Structural BMPs constructed and/or installed in accordance with plans and specifications
- Operation and Maintenance Plan for structural BMPs has been prepared, reviewed, and approved
- Mechanism or agreement for long-term operation and maintenance of structural BMPs exists

Continued.

Permit Closeout & Permit Closeout & Certificates of Use or Occupancy

(Continued)

- Verify that:
 - Operator is prepared to implement all non-structural BMPs
 - Approved WQMP is available onsite
 - Industrial facilities have obtained coverage under General Industrial Stormwater Permit

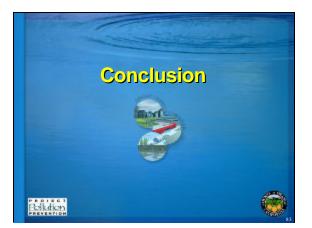
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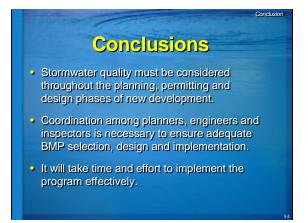
Inspection & Verification

Post-Construction BMP Inspection & Verification

- Permittees will verify BMP implementation and proper operation and maintenance.
- Permittees will perform verification for 90% of developments with approved WQMPs.
- Verification of BMP implementation and proper ongoing operation and maintenance via inspection, self-certification, surveys, or other equally effective approaches







Orange County Stormwater Program DAMP Section B-7 New Development/Redevelopment





Remember

Everyone benefits from

responsibility to protect

it by reducing urban

runoff and stormwater

clean water, and everyone has a

pollution.

Conclusion

Handouts

- Meeting Agenda
- Hard copy of presentation
- Contact list
- All tables, figures, and other materials referenced can be found in the 2003 Orange County DAMP

Conclusion